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DEC 1 7 2002

TC 1700

Application # 09/517,258

Applicant Kert DesHotel

ARH # 1725

Examiner Zipia Pittman

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Distinctly elaimes of subject matter which the applicant resards as his invention

15 C | \(\alpha\) \(\beta\) \(\d\) \

Question # I from Examiner
With regards to claims 1, 9, 30, and 63
the limitation requiring said pressure
applicators of figured to extend behind
said source of electric current is
indefinite.

The soure of electric current or welding tourch is positioned Linch behind the first contacting point of pressure applicators roller to plate and exstends 36 inches beyaand the

Last, sourse of electric Qurrentor welding tourch. Deppending on widing prosses required Ovestion #2 Hoss It is unclear to the examminer the Exact positioning of the
pressure applicators with reference to the source of the electric Rurrent. Rose behind said source of electric current refer to the same plane as the source of electric current or a different plane? Most wilding processes with high weld yealed products vises welding torches. The disstance bettween the torch and plate to be welded is cridical to proper welding procedure filler wire is feed trew the torok to the plate being welded and an are is creatted when the wire tuches the plate. This distance veryies with different thickness of plate materal. On thin plate the distance may be defferent from the bottom of the torch to the top of plate then it would be for thick plate. Also for thick plate for full pennitration of plate with the weld

the edges of the plate a beveled with

top edge open and the bottom edge close to each other so the arc would be Lewwer than the top edge of plate. More than on welding pass is required on thick plate in some instacces to fill the beveled edges to the topsurface of the plate This distace of torch and plate relation ship can be acheved by using the contacting point of the rollers on the presure applicators to the plate and adjusting the bottom of the welding torch up or down to the properdistanc. So the contacting surface of the pressure applicators and sourse of electric current are held at deffert plaines according to proper welding prosses all thow it may be the same plane in some in some instasses.

## Clainn Rejection

Being sited with Luan et al (w038/06505). restrainging maans by applying flattening forces with a pair of fingers 45 doing the about the same thing as my invention but it himmits the space around the welding machine area witch Limit product movement and slows productivity witch is castly to manufactures Figures 14-16 this pair of planar workpieces roller support members are in a fixed position and the work pieses must be guide threw it whitch himitts the shapes af plate and sizes of plate being welded to gether. Some companies bend plate at differnt andles before welding them to gether with witch would make this apparatice mone Useible.

I hope you can see the benn fits my invetion will have to the construction of may and diffacult task and it mobility te de job eneywhere with
eesa. I hope I have cleared
or answard your question clearly.
If you have any questions
pléase call me mu phone
# is area code 225-687-9103

Shanks Kent Deskotel date 10-5-2002

P.S. I sent a copy of my first draft of my invention so it may be of some help to you. Yank you very much

my addies is 4207 Fitzgeraldst Addis La 10710



Leschiption of Interior

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To hold the edges of plate steel firmly and revel coainst a flex occited copyer backing but so that a fully penitrated wild (Top and betrome of plate steel can be without defects, spillage of weld on the bottom side and sugging (under sut) of weld on the top side of plate steel due to a lack of sound preserve between the two plate steel edges urfaces and the flux coated copper backing bar.

2. How dose it work?

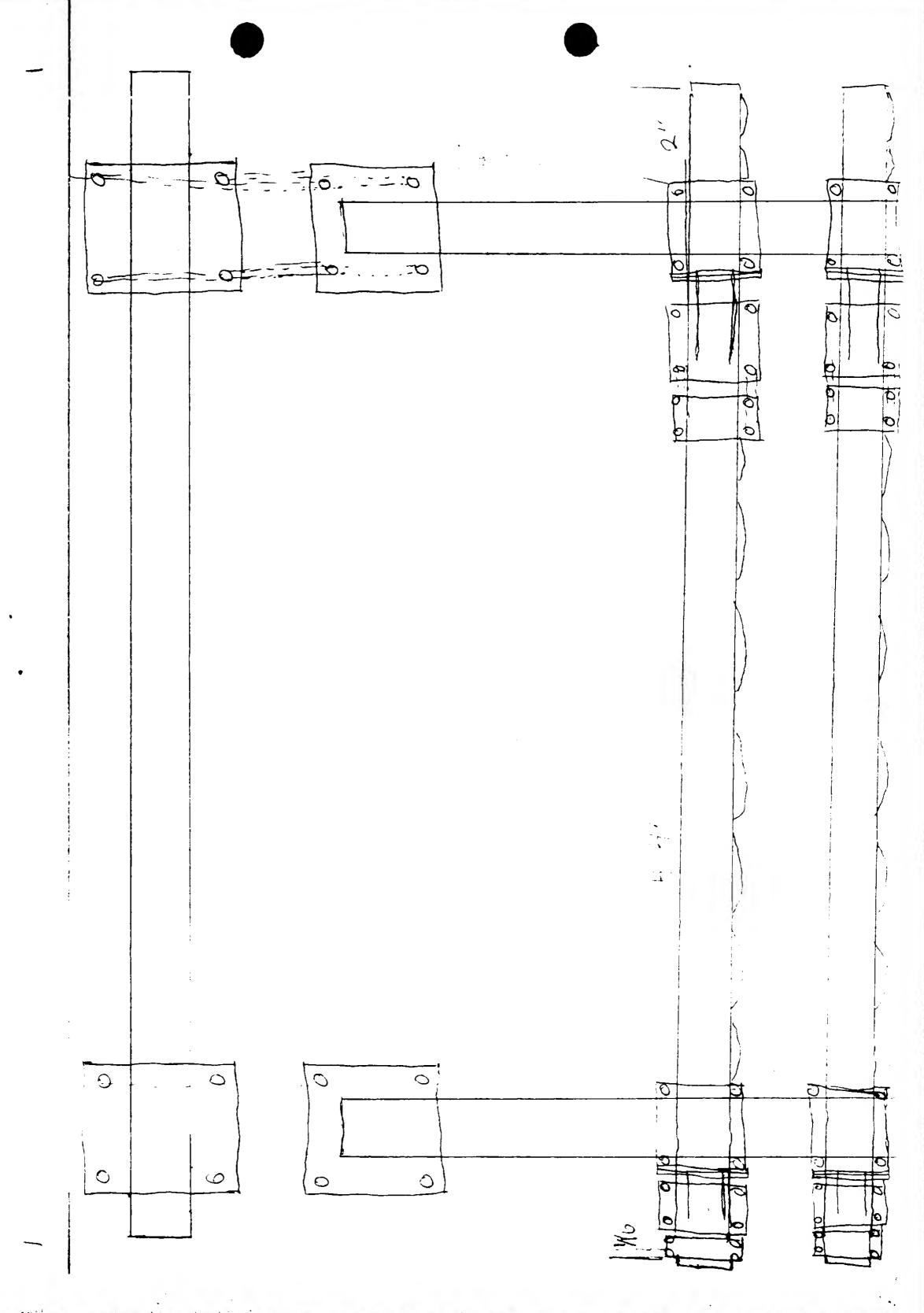
Two sets of rollers mounted side by side, level in all directions, and in line with a gantry which is in line with a welding bed. An equal space is held between the front and back of rollers to allow a welding process to take place between the rollers. The roller assembly and welding torches are mounted on the same lifting leg of a trolley assembly which travels the length of the gantry. The welding bed is made up of two side walls that have wear bars mounted on top of them. The wear bars are wider than the side walls and are mounted on top and

+ hishaulth the outer side of the sides, witch realts a citiliang of the near bar on the inside ct the bud, which catches the channel that The copper hacking bar rest on, that is pushed ip by an air bag. The roller assembly rellers are set vertically approximently 14" wider than the outer sides of the welding bed, learing the rest of the rollers to extend inward towards the weld seam sight. Thus keeping weld ledges level and firmly in contact with the flux coated copper backing bar. The welding bed has magnets along the cuter sides of the welding bed mounted level with the top of the wear bars. The magnets are mointed on hydrolic raims that able them to move up to the bottom of plate steel, magnetize, and pull the plate steel down to the wear bars height. The roller assmbly will be pushed down from above by an air ram that raises and Lowers the trolley lifting leg. The roller assembly will come down. from above the two steel plates and push them down to the wear bars, and by the width of the rollers extend in ward toward the web. seam sight the rollers will in sure the platested

copper taining far. The tickly assimily will be set to micro forward at a desired speed for welding. The ueld is made while the roller assembly helds the the steel plates downlevel long enough so that the neld puddle has time to cool and harden as it moves toward theend and to the end of the weld seam. 3. What problem(s) dose it solve? The Fully penitrated one sided welding prosesshas no problems of preformance when the plate steel is in perfect flateness and straightness. The problems begin when the plate steel is not perfectly straight and flat. The magnets hold these unstraight steel plates down against. the wear bars of the welding bed at a distance of about "between the magnets, as the two steel plates meet, if one plate is straight and the other plate is unstraight, there will be a uneven union of the two edges of plates, causing a (High/Low) effect. Also the steel plate from that point on is left up too it's own integrete to hold itself in place. The flux: coated copper backing bar is lifted up by a airbag it comes up against the two uneven surfaces. torming a good seal on the Lower steel plate and a bad or lose seal on the Higher steel plate witch.

causes the weldtospill off to the side that there is a bad seal on the bottom side of the plates, It also leaves the weld on top of the steel plates sagging or under cut below the steels plate surface. These defects have to be repired ether by reruning the welding machine over the lou spot or welding the Low spot by hand on the top side of plates only. The under side of the steel plates where the weld spilles off to the side has to be gaudged off and rewelded by hand. Also when welding three or more Steel plates side by side together, one weld is made at a time. Atter the first weld has been made and the second weld is being made, the edge of the plate that the first weld was made on tends to buckle up due to cooling and drawing of metal from the The introduction of my roller assembly

method to this fully pen; trating one sided adding machine will solve the performance problems this machine has with imperfect steel plate suffices. This will save companies agreat deal of time and moved that results from reacrit and repair of defective welds. Inventor Kent had expensed.



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BETOMY Surface to 3/4" TO x 1 14 00 x 1" with Sealed Pinn Burnings CRIGITY CRIGITY

